

Kotak Life Insurance**Policy for dealing with Related Party Transactions**

Document Management

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Change Management

<u>Date</u>	<u>Version</u>	<u>Author</u>	<u>Section</u>	<u>Amendment</u>
July 28, 2015	1.1.1	Kaushal Bhute	Whole Document	Originally approved in the 80 st Board Meeting held on 27 th April, 2015.
January 28, 2016	2.2.1	Kaushal Bhute	Section-3 1. Added definition of “Arms’ Length Transactions” and “Ordinary Course of Business” 2. Addition of Annexure-2 for “Format of Omnibus Approval”.	Further amended in the 83 rd Board Meeting dated 28 th January, 2016, 26 th April, 2017 & 27 th April, 2018
July 18, 2018	3.2.1	Rahul Deshpande	Any body corporate which is - •a holding, subsidiary, joint venture or an associate of such company; or •a subsidiary of a holding company	Amended in the Board Meeting dated 18 th July, 2018.

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			<p>to which it is also a subsidiary; or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •an investing company or the venturer of the company; <p>Explanation — For the purpose of this clause, “the investing company or the venturer of a company” means a body corporate whose investment in the company would result in the company becoming an associate company of the body corporate;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •director or KMP of the holding company of such company or his relative 	
April 26,2019	4.2.1	Rahul Deshpande	Definition of Related Party — director (other than Independent Director) or KMP of the holding company of such company or his relative	Amended in the Board Meeting dated 26 th April, 2019.
April 29,2020	5.2.1	Pallavi Kathal	Definitions	Scope of “Ordinary course of business” increased. Amended in the Board

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				Meeting dated 29 th April, 2020.
April 27, 2021	6.2.1	-	Whole Document	No changes made This policy was approved in the Board meeting dated 27 th April, 2021
April 30, 2022	7.2.1	-	Whole Document	No changes made This policy was approved in the Board meeting dated 29 th April, 2022
May 12, 2023	8.2.1	-	Whole Document	No changes made This policy was approved in the Board meeting dated 26 th April, 2023
July 25, 2023	9.2.1	-	Preamble Definition Restrictions related to Related Party Transactions Identification of Potential Related Party Transactions Review and Approval of Related Party Transactions	Relevant provisions of the Act mentioned Definitions amended as per the Companies Act, 2013. Clause redrafted to provide more clarity on obtaining omnibus approval. Update that List of RPT shall now be prepared based on Kotak Group's structure & the disclosures received from Directors & KMPs. Added that member of the Committee who is interested in any transaction with related

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			<p>Any other relevant information regarding the transaction.</p> <p>Related Party Transactions not approved under this Policy</p> <p>Law to take precedence and applicability</p>	<p>party shall not be present at the meeting during discussions.</p> <p>Added New clause inserted for seeking Board Approval for transactions as determined by the Audit Committee</p> <p>Updated the Clause to replicate the provisions of Section 177 & 188 of the Companies Act, 2013</p> <p>New clause inserted</p> <p>This policy was approved in the Board meeting dated 19th July, 2023</p>
May 21, 2024	10.2.1	-	Whole Document	<p>No changes made</p> <p>This policy was approved in the Board meeting dated 26th April, 2024</p>
May 22, 2025	11.2.1	Deshpande Rahul	Whole Document	<p>Amendments to the policy to align with KMBL's policy</p> <p>This policy was approved in the Board meeting dated 29th April, 2025</p>
21/05/2026	12.3.1	Deshpande Rahul	4.2 Identification of Related Party Transactions	The transactions with Related Parties shall be identified based on the list of Related Parties

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			Reporting of Related Party Transactions	<p>maintained and the relevant information regarding transactions / proposed transactions received from the various departments / business teams / verticals of the Company, its holding and other subsidiaries of Kotak Group.</p> <p>All Related Party Transactions (except transactions specifically exempt under the provisions of the Act) shall have to be reported to the Audit Committee for its review. The relevant information required under applicable provisions of law and under this Policy shall be provided to the Audit Committee for its review.</p>
			4.3 Prior Approval of Related Party Transactions	<p>Considering that the frequency/ repetitiveness of transactions may be too high, the Committee may review such transactions based on the nature and information specified under law (including rules, regulations, circulars, notifications, standards, notes issued by the competent authority/ies / body/ies in this regard) / presented before the Committee or required</p>

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				<p>by the Committee from time to time, and give its general approval (i.e., omnibus approval) after satisfying itself of the nature and need of the transactions, by specifying in the approval, the terms like name of the Related Party, nature of transaction, indicative base price/ basis of pricing / current contracted price and the formula or justification for variation in the price, if any, maximum amount of transactions that may be entered into, period of the transaction and such other terms as may be necessary, and subject to such modifications as it deems fit.</p> <p>This policy was approved in the Board meeting dated 28/04/2026</p>

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1. Preamble

The Board of Directors (the Board) of the Company have adopted the following policy and procedures with regard to Dealing with Related Party Transactions, as defined below (“Policy”/ “Related Party Transaction Policy”). The Audit Committee will review and may recommend amendments to this Policy from time to time and as may be deemed necessary, for the approval of the Board.

This Policy will be applicable to the Company, so as to regulate transactions between the Company and Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd. (“KMBL”) and/ or subsidiaries of KMBL and the Related Parties, as required under the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) and other laws, rules, regulations, circulars and guidelines, as may be applicable from time to time.

2. Purpose

This Policy is framed as per requirement of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder, (“Act”), IRDAI (Corporate Governance for Insurers) Regulations, 2024, IRDAI Master Circular on Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2024 and all regulations, rules, guidelines, clarifications, circulars issued by the IRDAI from time to time and is intended to ensure proper approval and reporting of Related Party transactions. Such transactions would be appropriate only if they are in the best interest of the Company and its Members / shareholders/ Policyholders. The Company is required to disclose each year in its financial statements/ Annual Report, transactions between the Company and related parties as well as its policy concerning transactions with related parties.

This Policy shall be reviewed and amendments, if any, shall approved by the Audit Committee and the Board annually. In case of any conflict between this Policy and the provisions of applicable law, the provisions of law shall prevail and shall be binding on the Company.

3. Definitions

- i) “Audit Committee” or “Committee” means a Committee consisting members of the Board of Directors of the Company, constituted as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) and the rules / regulations / circulars / guidelines issued from time to time by the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (“IRDAI”).
- ii) “Arm’s length transaction” means a transaction between two related parties that is conducted as if the parties were unrelated, so that there is no conflict of interest.
- iii) “Board” means a body of elected Directors of the Company responsible for overseeing operations of the Company, as per the provisions of the applicable law.
- iv) “Control” shall have the same meaning as defined in the SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 and which is presently as follows – “Control” includes the right to appoint majority of the directors or to control the management or policy decisions exercisable by a person or persons acting individually or in concert, directly or

indirectly, including by virtue of their shareholding or management rights or shareholders agreements or voting agreements or in any other manner.

- v) “Key Managerial Personnel” (“KMP”) means key managerial personnel as defined under the Act and includes:
- a. the Chief Executive Officer or the managing director or the manager;
 - b. the Company Secretary;
 - c. the Whole-Time Director;
 - d. the Chief Financial Officer;
 - e. such other officer, not more than one level below the Directors who is in whole-time employment, designated as key managerial personnel by the Board; and
 - f. such other officer as may be prescribed under the Act.
- vi) “Ordinary course of business” for the purpose of this policy, will include the transactions undertaken by the Company:
- in the normal course of insurance business as permitted by law / regulations/ rules/ guidelines/ circulars etc.;
 - as part of customary business practices or by its long standing conduct.
 - permitted by IRDAI or any other law for the time being in force.
 - The following are examples of related party transactions which are undertaken in the normal course of business by the company:
 - Insurance Premium
 - Investment income
 - Commission
 - Bank Charges
 - Shared Services with Holding Company and fellow subsidiaries
 - Investment Transactions
 - KMP and Director payments
 - Any other operating transaction
- vii) “Policy” means Related Party Transaction Policy.
- viii) “Related Party” is defined under section 2(76) of the Act as:
1. A director or his relative;
 2. A Key Managerial Personnel or his relative;
 3. A firm, in which a director, manager or his relative is a partner;
 4. A private company in which a director or manager or his relative is a member or director;
 5. A public company in which a director or manager is a director and holds along with his relatives, more than 2% of its paid-up share capital;
 6. Any body corporate whose Board of Directors (BOD), managing director or manager is accustomed to act in accordance with the advice, directions or instructions of a director or manager (except where such advice, directions or instructions are provided in professional capacity);
 7. Any person under whose advice, directions or instructions a director or manager is

accustomed to act (except where such advice, directions or instructions are provided in professional capacity);

8. Any Company which is -

- a holding, subsidiary, or an associate of such company; or
- a subsidiary of a holding company to which it is also a subsidiary; or
- an investing company or the venturer of the company;

Explanation — For the purpose of this clause, “the investing company” or “the venturer of a company” means a body corporate whose investment in the company would result in the company becoming an associate company of the body corporate

- a director (other than Independent Director) or KMP of the holding company of such company or his relative
- a related party as per accounting standard 18

ix) “Relative” with reference to any person, means anyone who is related to another, if—

- they are members of a Hindu Undivided Family;
- they are husband and wife; or
- one person is related to the other the following manner/ related as:
 - Father (including step-father)
 - Mother (including step-mother)
 - Son (including step-son)
 - Son’s wife
 - Daughter
 - Daughter’s husband
 - Brother (including step-brother)
 - Sister (including step-sister)

4. Policy

All related party transactions must be reported to the Audit Committee and referred for approval to the Committee in accordance with this Policy.

4.1 Identification of Related Party

The Company shall maintain a list of related parties after considering the requirements of applicable law and based on (i) the Kotak Group’s structure (i.e. holding, subsidiary, associate companies etc.) and (ii) the disclosures and declarations received from time to time from Directors and KMPs, across the Company and its holding and other subsidiaries of Kotak Group.

4.2 Identification of Related Party Transactions

The transactions with Related Parties shall be identified based on the list of Related Parties maintained and the relevant information regarding transactions / proposed transactions received from the various departments / business teams / verticals of the Company, its holding and other subsidiaries of Kotak Group.

4.3 Prior Approval of Related Party Transactions

4.3.1 Section 177 of the Act requires the Audit Committee of a Company to review and approve all related party transactions.

Considering that the frequency/ repetitiveness of transactions may be too high, the Committee may review such transactions based on the nature and information specified under law (including rules, regulations, circulars, notifications, standards, notes issued by the competent authority/ies / body/ies in this regard) / presented before the Committee or required by the Committee from time to time, and give its general approval (i.e., omnibus approval) after satisfying itself of the nature and need of the transactions, by specifying in the approval, the terms like name of the Related Party, nature of transaction, indicative base price/ basis of pricing / current contracted price and the formula or justification for variation in the price, if any, maximum amount of transactions that may be entered into, period of the transaction and such other terms as may be necessary, and subject to such modifications as it deems fit. Such omnibus approval shall be valid for a period of one financial year and a fresh approval shall be taken after the expiry of the financial year. If required, the Audit Committee may, subject to the provision of the applicable laws, review its omnibus approval during the financial year, and make such amendments/ modifications/ revisions to the same as may be deemed necessary or required for the conduct of the Company's business.

4.3.2 Where the need for related party transaction cannot be foreseen and aforesaid details are not available, the Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for such transactions subject to their value not exceeding Rs. 1 crore per transaction.

4.3.3 A preference will be given to the group entities for the products offered by them in ordinary course of business, subject to transaction being on arm's length.

4.3.4 As required by the Act, all Related Party Transactions which are not in the ordinary course of business or not on arm's length basis shall be considered, reviewed and decided by the Audit Committee / Board of Directors only at a duly convened meeting.

4.3.5 As per section 188 of the Act, the consent of the Board by resolution/Shareholders' approval by an ordinary resolution in a general meeting is required, for entering into the specified transactions with a related party, if such transactions are not in the ordinary course of business of the Company or not at arm's length and exceed the threshold limits as specified in the Act.

4.4 Information to be provided for review and Approval of Related Party Transactions

All related party transactions will have to be reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee, subject to 4.3 above. Any member of the Committee who is interested in any transaction with a related party, such member shall abstain from the meeting during discussions on the subject matter of the resolution relating to such transaction.

To review a related party transaction, the Committee will be provided with relevant information of the related party transaction, including the terms of the transaction, the business purpose of the transaction, the benefits to the Company, arm's length principles and any other relevant matters/

information as may be specified or required from time to time (including rules, regulations, circulars, notifications, standards, notes issued by the competent authority/ies / body/ies in this regard) or required from time to time. In determining whether to approve a related party transaction, the Committee will consider the following factors, among others, to the extent relevant to the related party transaction:

- The fairness and arm's length or otherwise of the related party transaction after applying the same basis as if the transaction did not involve a related party;
- The business reasons for the Company to enter into the related party transaction and the nature of alternative transactions, if any;
- Impact on independence of an Independent Director of related party transaction;
- Any potential reputational risk issues that may arise as a result of or in connection with the proposed transaction;
- Whether the related party transaction would present an improper conflict of interest for any director or KMP of the Company, taking into account the size of the transaction, the overall financial position of the director or other related party, the direct or indirect nature of the director's, KMP's or other related party's interest in the transaction and the ongoing nature of any proposed relationship and any other factors the Board/Committee deems relevant.
- Any other relevant information regarding the transaction.

If the Committee determines that a Related Party Transaction shall be brought before the Board, or if the Board in any case elects to review any such matter or it is mandatory under any law for the Board to approve the Related Party Transaction, then the considerations set forth above shall apply to the Board's review and approval of the matter, with such modification as may be necessary or appropriate under the circumstances.

4.5 Exemption from Approval of Related Party Transactions

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following Related Party Transactions shall not require approval of Audit Committee:

- i. Any transaction that involves the providing of compensation to a Director or KMP in connection with his or her duties to Company, including the reimbursement of reasonable business and travel expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business. This will be dealt with by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
- ii. Any transaction in which the related party's interest arises solely from ownership of securities issued by the Company and all holders of such securities receive the same benefits pro rata as the related party.

All related party transactions, including the above and those approved through omnibus approval, will be reviewed by the Audit Committee at least on quarterly basis.

4.6 Method of determination of arm's length price

For the purpose of determining arms' length price, the below mentioned criteria may be considered:

- The transaction entered with the related parties are at such price and terms comparable with the price and terms of the identical or similar transaction with one or more unrelated parties.
- The existence of relationship between parties have not materially affected the transaction and its material terms and conditions.
- The transactions entered in accordance with the IRDAI regulations to provide/avail services to/from the related parties.
- Such other criteria or method as may be prescribed under any applicable Laws.

The Audit Committee may seek professional opinion or representation from the counter party in this regard.

5. Related Party Transactions not approved under this Policy

Subject to the provisions of applicable laws:

- (a) where any transaction involving any amount not exceeding one crore rupee is entered into by a Director or Officer of Company without obtaining the approval of the Audit Committee and it is not ratified by the Audit Committee within three months from the date of the transaction, such transaction shall be voidable at the option of the Audit Committee and if the transaction is with the related party to any Director or is authorized by any other Director, the Director concerned shall indemnify Company against any loss incurred by it;
- (b) where any contract or arrangement: (i) requiring consent of the Board of Directors is entered into by a Director or any other employee, without obtaining such consent, or (ii) requiring approval by a resolution in the general meeting is entered into without such approval, then if such transaction is not ratified by the Board or, as the case may be, by the shareholders at a meeting within three months from the date on which such contract or arrangement was entered into, such contract or arrangement shall be voidable at the option of the Board or, as the case may be, of the shareholders and if the contract or arrangement is with a related party to any Director, or is authorised by any other Director, the Directors concerned shall indemnify Company against any loss incurred by it.

The above shall be applicable only in respect of transactions covered under Section 177 of the Act, requiring approval of the Audit Committee / transactions covered under Section 188 of the Act, requiring approval of the Board of Directors / Shareholders of the Company, as the case may be.

6. Reporting of Related Party Transactions

All Related Party Transactions (except transactions specifically exempt under the provisions of the Act) shall have to be reported to the Audit Committee for its review. The relevant information required under applicable provisions of law and under this Policy shall be provided to the Audit Committee for its review.

The Company shall disclose each year, in its financial statements/ Annual Report, the transactions between the Company and its Related Parties, as well as policies concerning transactions with Related Parties, in such manner and form as may be prescribed under the applicable laws.

7. Law to take precedence and applicability

In the event of any variation or inconsistency between the provisions of the Policy and the applicable Regulations and/or the Act, the provisions of the applicable Regulations and/or the Act, as the case may be, shall prevail over the Policy and the provisions of the Policy shall be deemed to have been amended so as to be read in consonance with the Regulations and / or the Act.

The above policy will be modified to be in line with regulations including the Companies Act, 2013 and guidelines issued by IRDAI.